

# Hospital and Physician Trends

Initial Findings from HSC's 2007 Site Visits

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#### **Overview**

 Tighter affiliations between hospitals and select physicians

Hospitalists

Increased tiering of providers



### Hospitals Seeking Tighter Affiliations with Select Physicians

- In response to competitive strains with physicians
- As strategy to compete with other hospitals

Employment

Joint ventures



### Tighter Affiliations: Response to Increasingly Strained Relationships

 Diminished effectiveness of hospitals' traditional strategies to gain physician allegiance

 Physicians less willing to carry out traditional medical staff activities

Physicians competing with hospitals for profitable services



### Tighter Affiliations: Growing Prevalence of Physician Employment

- Competitive strategy on the part of hospitals
  - Facilitate new/expanded service lines
  - Respond to the growing reluctance of physicians to take emergency on-call coverage and to treat uninsured patients
- Employment often an attractive option for physicians



### Tighter Affiliations: Hospital and Physician Joint Ventures

- Often, a defensive strategy by hospitals
  - Hospitals often willing to partner rather than lose the business altogether
- Some hospitals take a hard line
  - Federal anti-fraud-and-abuse laws temper enthusiasm for these types of arrangements
- Uneven profitability



#### **Growing Role of Hospitalists**

- Driven by competitive strategies of both hospitals and physicians
- Wide range of employment and practice models
  - Hospitals employ hospitalists or contract through a medical group, vendor or individual physicians
  - Health plans or medical groups employ
  - Some work in more than one hospital
- Inpatient care provided by hospitalists often now the norm
  - Fractured relationships between PCPs & hospitals
- Expanding roles beyond general medical services surgical, critical care and quality improvement activities



### Tiering of Providers: The Have's and Have-Not's

- Increased tiering of both medical groups and hospitals by
  - Types of service
  - Payer mix
  - Negotiating leverage with health plans



## Tiering: Hostile Environment for Independent Physicians

- Profitable, independent practice is more difficult to achieve, particularly for those providing cognitive services or in solo or small practices
- Increasingly, physicians must declare allegiance to a particular hospital/system
- Larger hospitals/systems able to garner higher payment rates than physicians negotiating independently
- In some markets, physicians in solo/small practices are consolidating (esp single specialty) to gain more leverage and capital for investments in ancillary services



### Tiering: Have and Have-Not Hospitals

- Well-capitalized hospitals continue capacity expansions
  - Partnerships with suburban hospitals
  - Branded satellite campuses
  - Specialty-service lines
  - Expand sources of referrals for tertiary and high-tech care, such as transplants
- Struggling safety net hospitals and those in poor communities cannot keep up



#### **Implications**

- Ongoing intense hospital/physician competition for profitable specialty services fuels concerns about increased use of services and rising costs
- Increasingly strained relations between hospitals and physicians, especially around on-call coverage, means patients are at risk of not getting appropriate care
- Growing gap between provider have's and have not's threatens access to care for vulnerable populations